

## **PROJECT NOTIFICATION**

Reference No.: 368

| Date of Issue                | 21 August 2024   |
|------------------------------|--|
| Project Code                 | 24-CP-47-GE-WSP-A  |
| Title                        | Workshop on Productive Livestock Farming for Reducing Greenhouse Gas Emissions |
| Timing                       | 3 December 2024–5 December 2024  |
| Hosting Country(ies)         | Nepal  |
| Venue City(ies)              | Not Applicable   |
| Modality                     | Online   |
| Implementing Organization(s) | National Productivity and Economic Development Centre and APO Secretariat      |
| Participating Country(ies)   | All Member Countries   |
| Overseas Participants        | 38   |
| Local Participants           | 12   |
| Closing Date                 | 15 November 2024 NPO Pakistan Closing date: 04 November 2024                   |
| Remarks                      | Not Applicable   |

| Objectives     | Learn about the latest innovations in livestock farming that contribute to<br>the reduction of greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions; understand policies<br>and ecosystems to support the adoption of those innovations; and<br>discuss how to disseminate and adapt them in APO members.  |
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| Rationale      | Improving livestock productivity directly contributes to reducing GHG<br>emissions. By adopting innovative technologies and practices, farmers<br>can reduce inputs such as land, feed, and water while improving<br>productivity. Technologies also help to reduce gas emissions from<br>livestock.   |
| Background     | Global livestock production contributes approximately 14.5% of all<br>anthropogenic GHG emissions, with cattle being the largest<br>contributors, followed by pigs, buffalo, and chickens (FAO, 2023).<br>Enhanced productivity in livestock farming through innovation is vital to<br>reducing these emissions and achieving sustainability in the sector.  |
|                | APO members face significant challenges in balancing livestock<br>productivity with environmental sustainability. High GHG emissions from<br>traditional farming practices, combined with resource constraints,<br>necessitate a shift to more efficient, eco-friendly methods. Addressing<br>these issues requires the adoption of innovative approaches tailored to<br>the specific conditions of each member. |
|                | This workshop will discuss the latest advances in livestock farming,<br>including innovative technologies, practices, policies, and ecosystem<br>development to support GHG emission reduction. Participants will<br>explore strategies for implementing these innovations in APO members.   |
| Topics         | Roles and responsibilities of livestock farmers in lowering GHG<br>emissions; Recent technologies and techniques to reduce GHG<br>emissions in livestock production; Policies, regulations, and ecosystems<br>to encourage sustainable livestock farming; and Animal-specific case<br>studies.   |
| Outcome        | Participants understand key methods to reduce GHG emissions in<br>livestock farming without sacrificing productivity and develop national or<br>regional plans to contribute to lower GHG emissions through innovative<br>livestock production approaches.   |
| Qualifications | Government officials, policymakers, executives of farmers'/agribusiness associations, academics, and consultants involved in livestock management.   |

Please refer to the implementation procedures circulated with this document for further details.

Dr. Indra Pradana Singawinata Secretary-General